

# Skin barrier function in infants - new challenges and new opportunities

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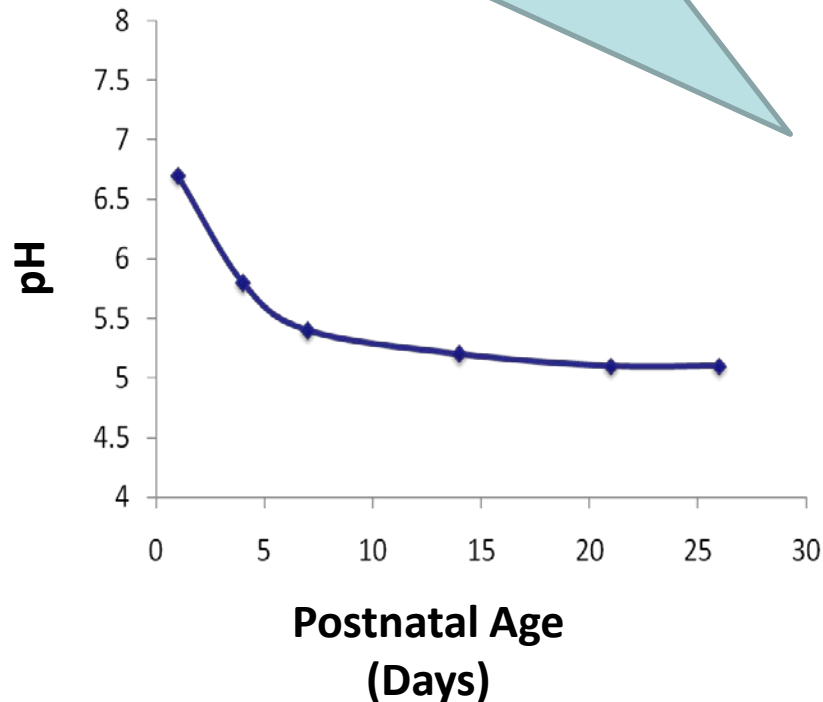
  
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# Question Asked circa 2000

- What can we find out about healthy infant skin by studying it *in vivo* with new non-invasive tools

# State of knowledge ... then...

At birth, infant skin undergoes a dramatic transition from an aqueous to a dry terrestrial environment



... but if left on its own after a few short weeks, the skin barrier is fully established (equivalent to adult barrier).

Visscher M, et al. *Pediatr Dermatol.* 2000;17:45-51

Mauro T, Behne M. In: *Neonatal Skin: Structure and Function.* 2003:47-56

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# State of knowledge ... and now... (punchline)

***Compared With Adult Skin, Baby Skin Structure, Composition, and Function Are Different and Continue to Develop After Birth***



# Enablers (a.k.a. non-invasive methods)

Traditional

- Electrical properties ~ SC hydration
- TEWL ~ SC water barrier function
- pH electrode ~ skin surface acidity

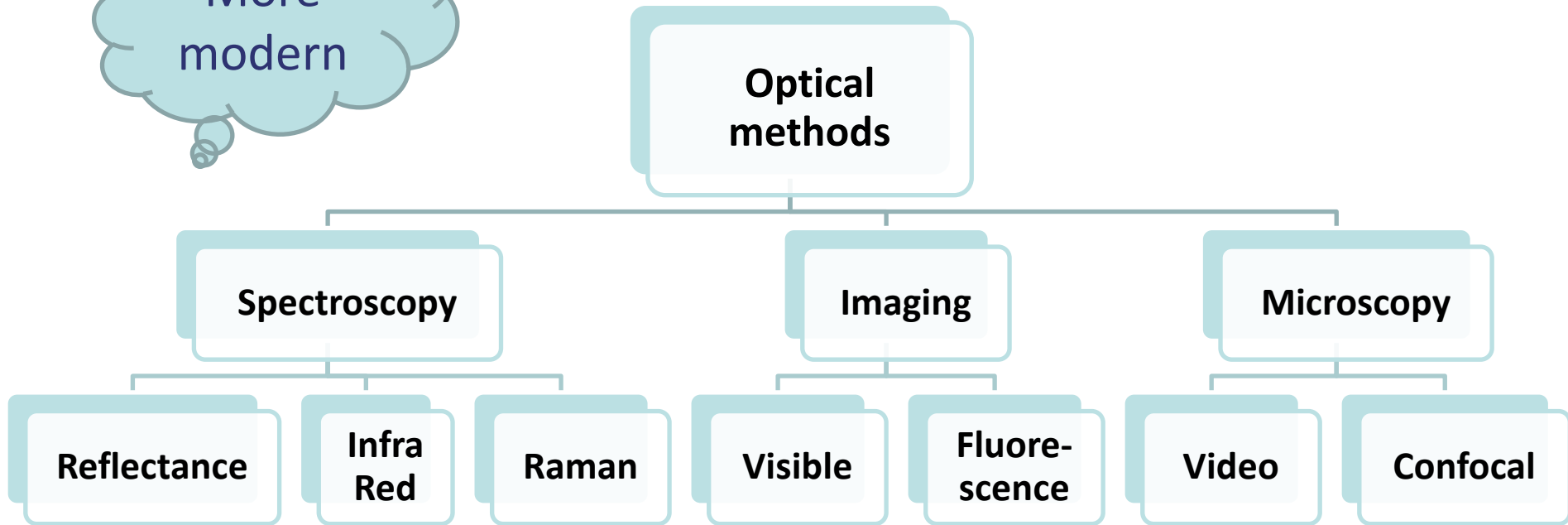


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# Enablers (a.k.a. non-invasive methods)

More modern

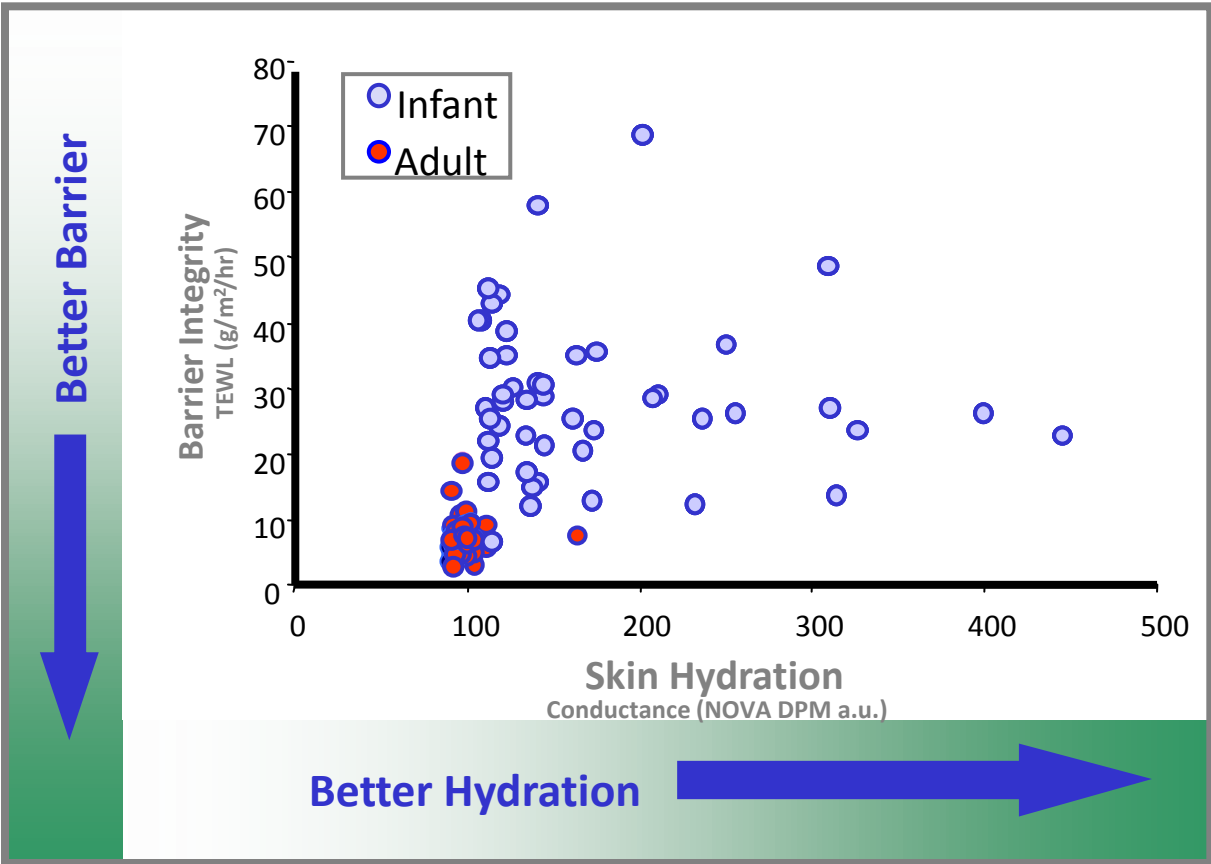


Stamatas GN in *Textbook of Aging*, Chapter 69, 2010; 715-724

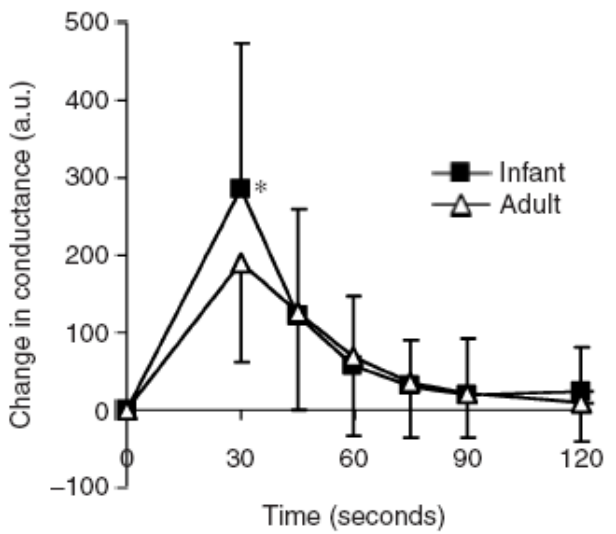
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# Function

Skin Barrier Maturation

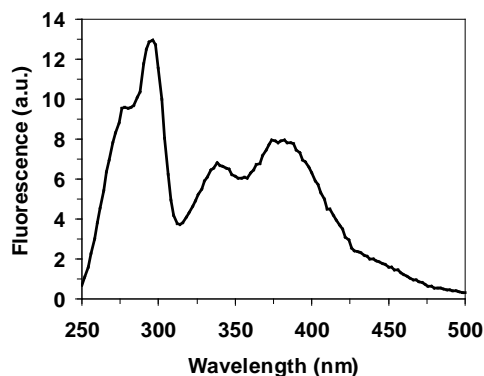


## Water absorption-desorption



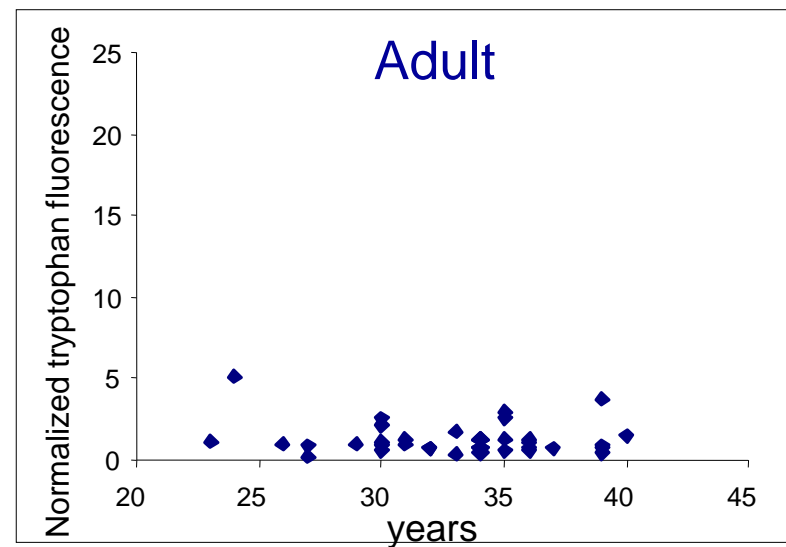
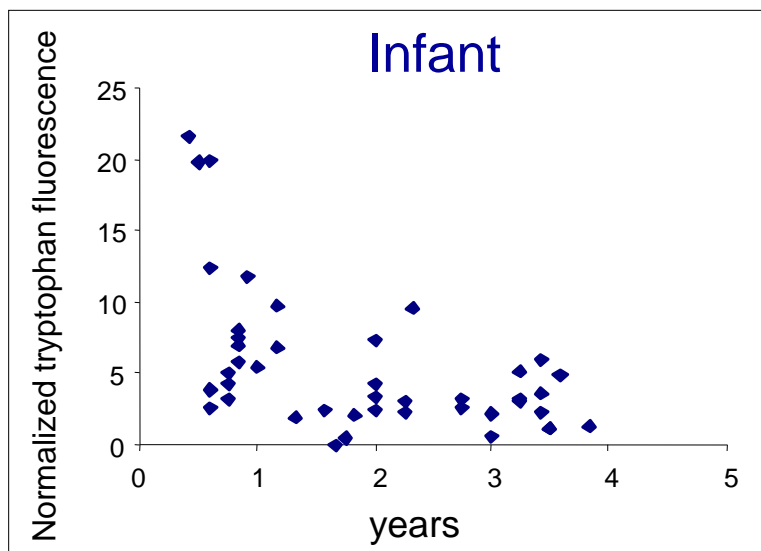
# Function

Higher cell turnover rates



In vivo Fluorescence Spectroscopy

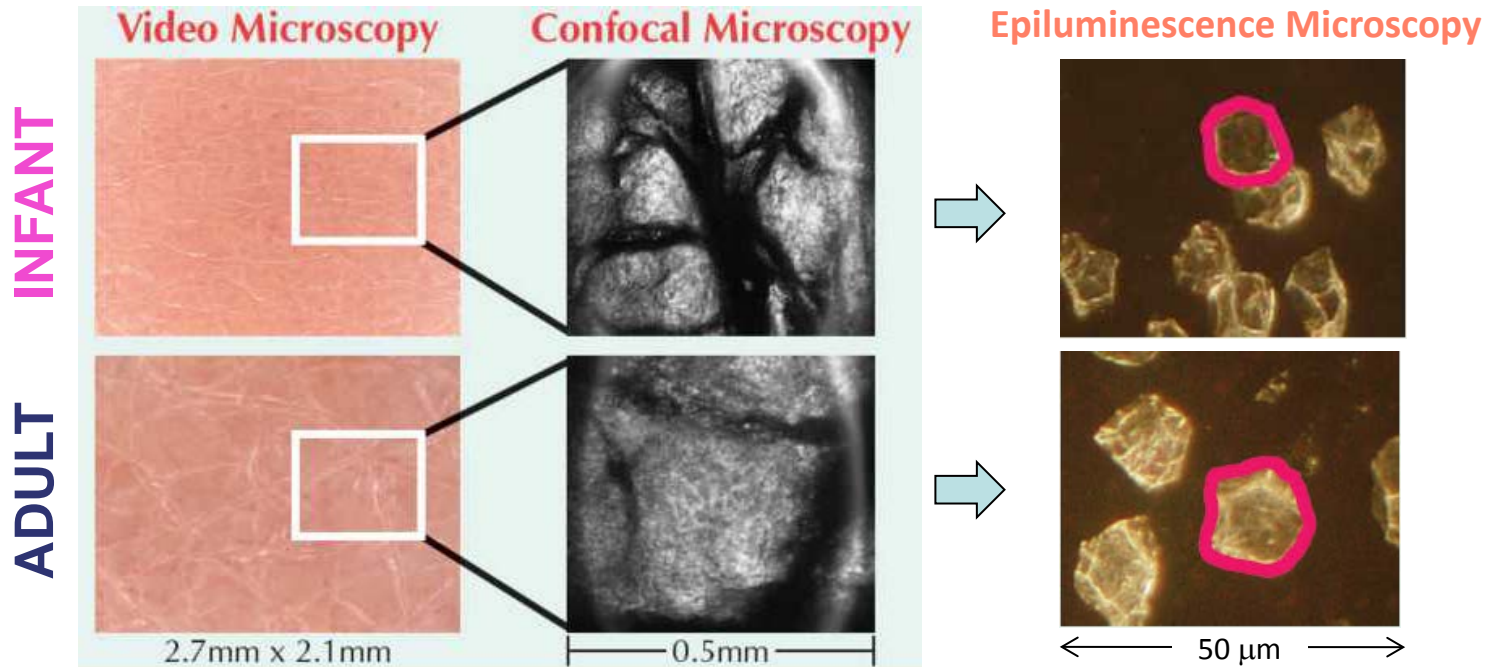
✓ Skin Native Fluorophores: tyrosine, tryptophan, collagen x-links, elastin x-links





# Structure

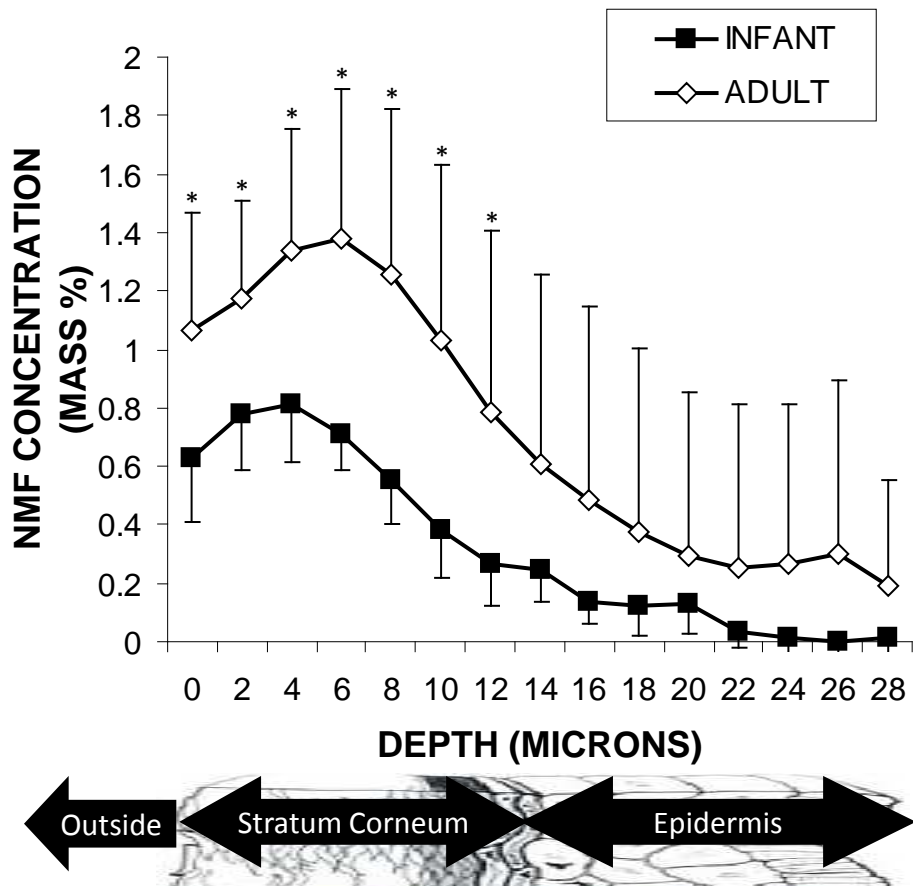
Denser Glyphics, smaller Cells, thinner Layers



	Stratum Corneum Thickness (mm)	Epidermis Thickness (mm)
<b>Infant</b>	7.3 ± 1.1	28.7 ± 3.4
<b>Adult</b>	10.5 ± 2.1	36.2 ± 5.2

# Composition

Less aminoacids,  
more lactate



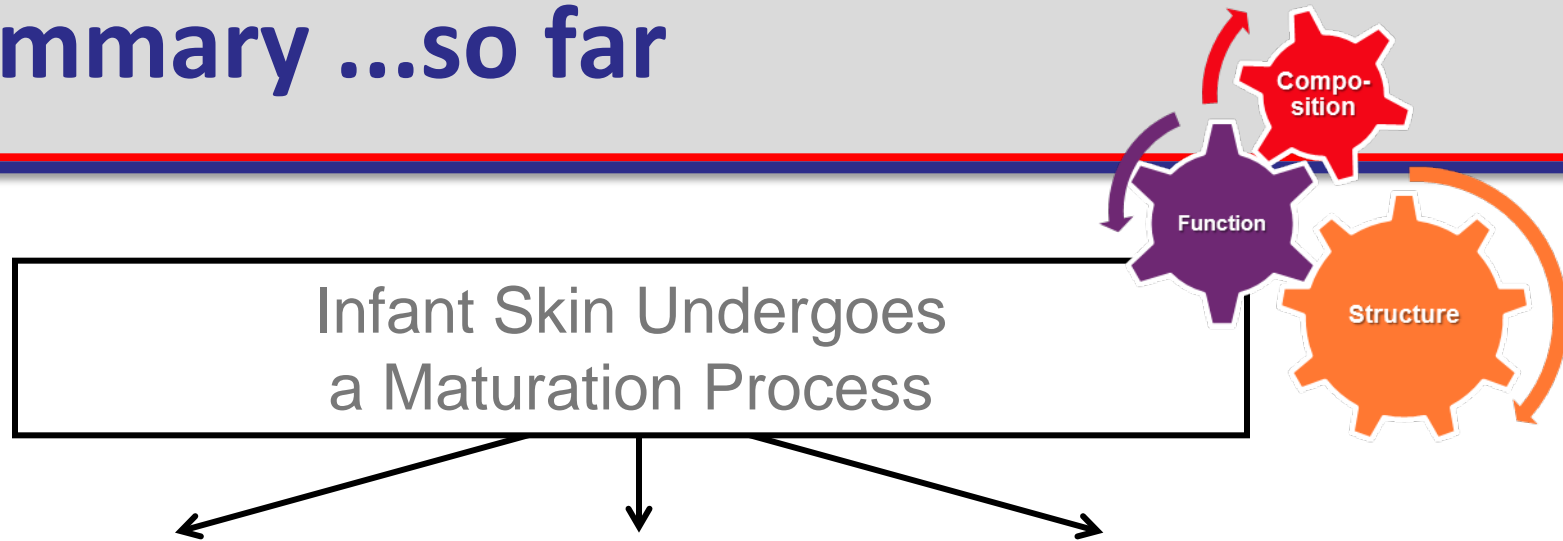
	Infant	Adult
Keratin	=	=
Ceramide	=	=
Cholesterol	=	=
Lipid/Protein	=	=
Ala	-	+
Gly	-	+
His	(-)	(+)
Arg + Orn + Cit	-	+
Pro	=	=
Ser	=	=
Lactate	+	-
PCA	=	=
Urea	=	=
Trans-UCA	(-)	(+)

Nikolovski J et al. *Journal of Investigative Dermatology* 2008:128; 1728-1735  
 Stamatias GN et al. presented at the World Congress of Dermatology, Seoul, S. Korea, May 2011

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# In Summary ...so far



## Structure

- Stratum Corneum and Epidermal thickness
- Corneocyte size
- Surface Roughness
- Collagen in the dermis
- Elasticity

## Composition

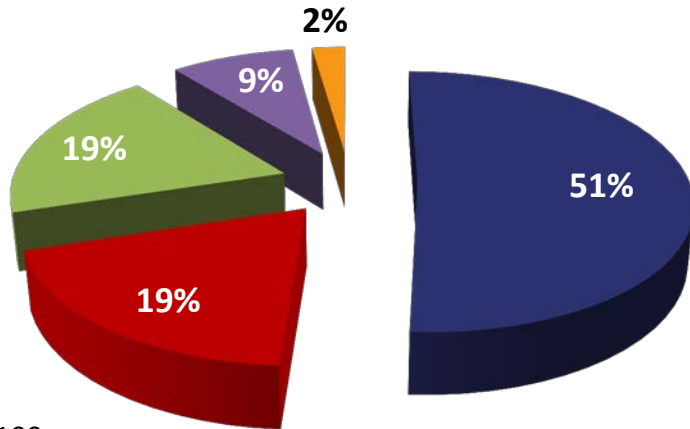
- Water content
- Natural Moisturizing Factor (NMF)
- Melanin
- Lipid content and organization

## Function

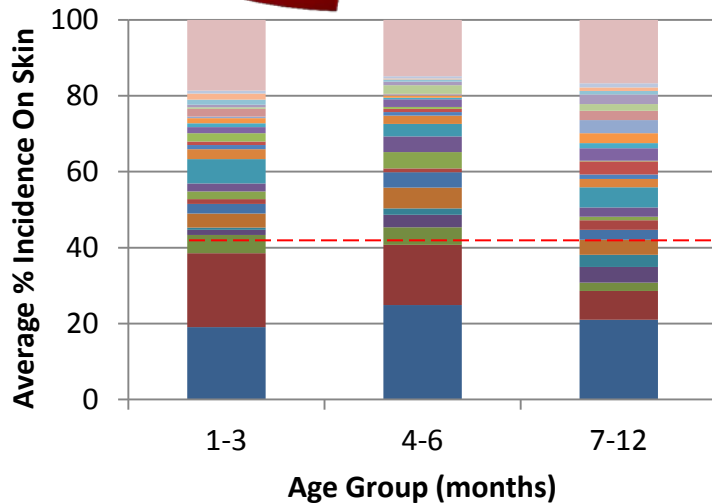
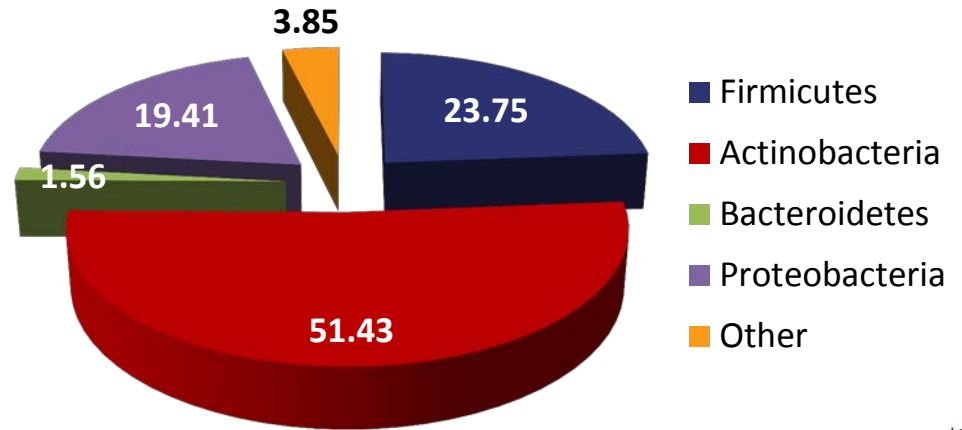
- Water Handling Properties
- Barrier Function
- Skin Reactivity
- Cell Proliferation

# Microbiome

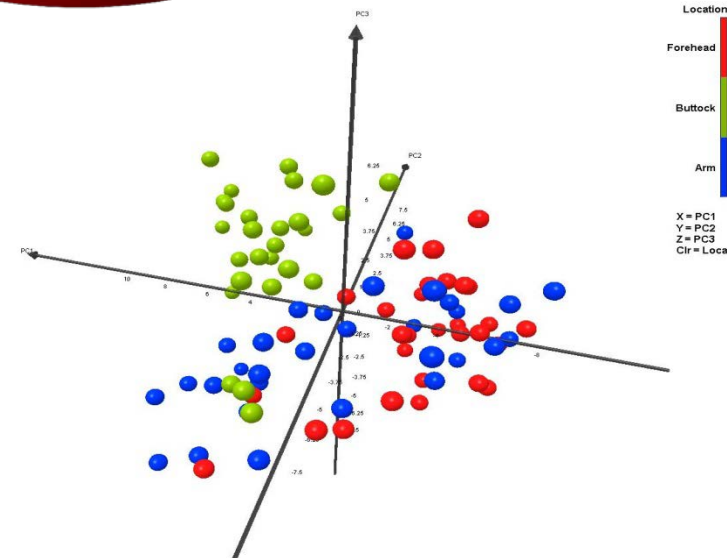
## Infant Phylum Percentages



## Adult Phylum Percentages



- OTHER
- Achromobacter
- Chryseobacterium
- Moraxella
- Granulicatella
- Roseburia
- Diaphorobacter
- Faecalibacterium



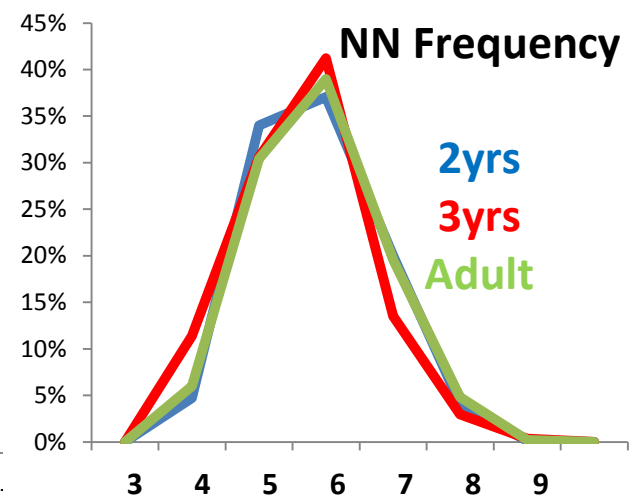
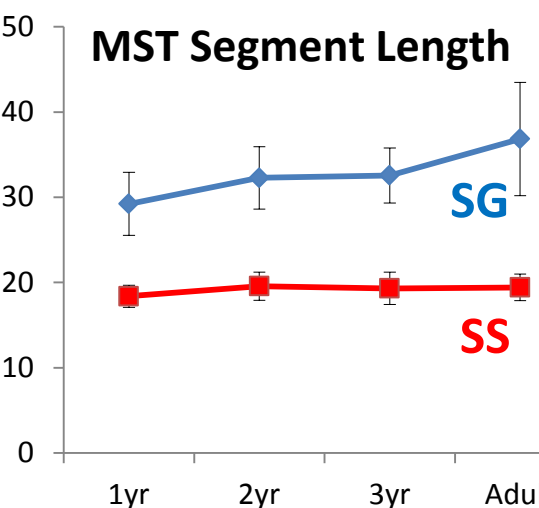
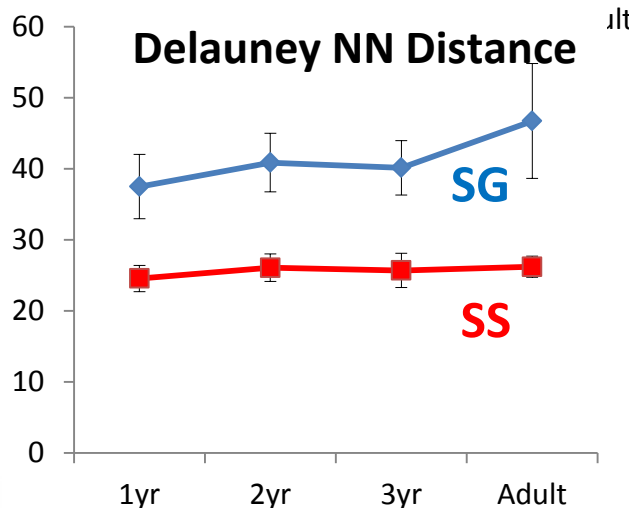
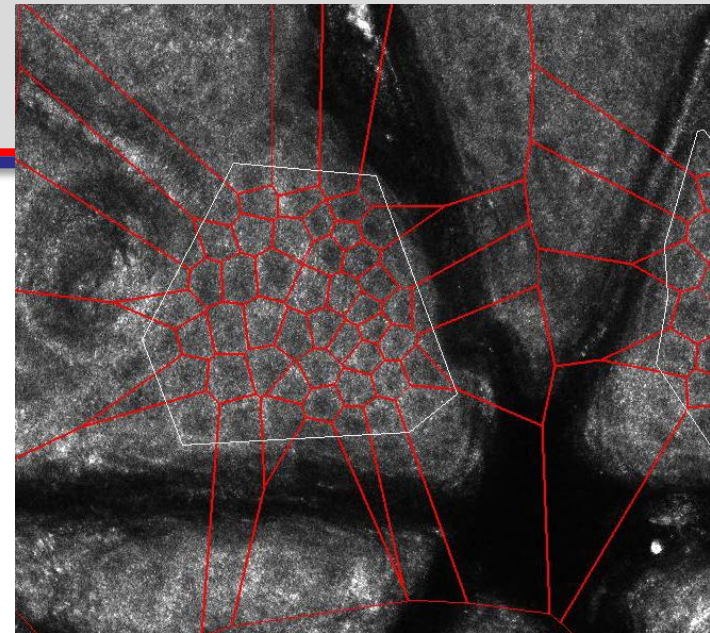
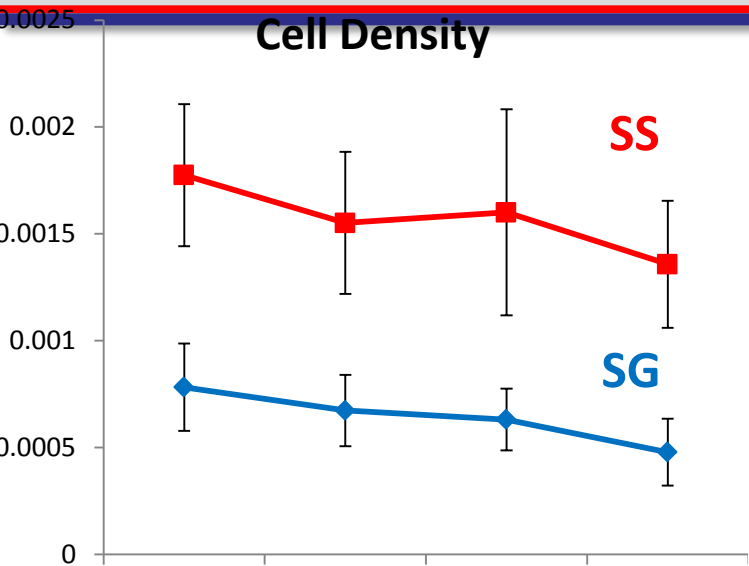
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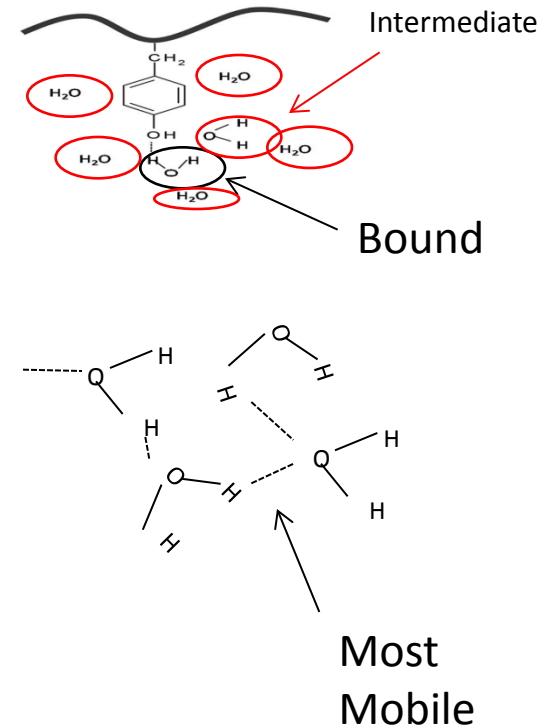
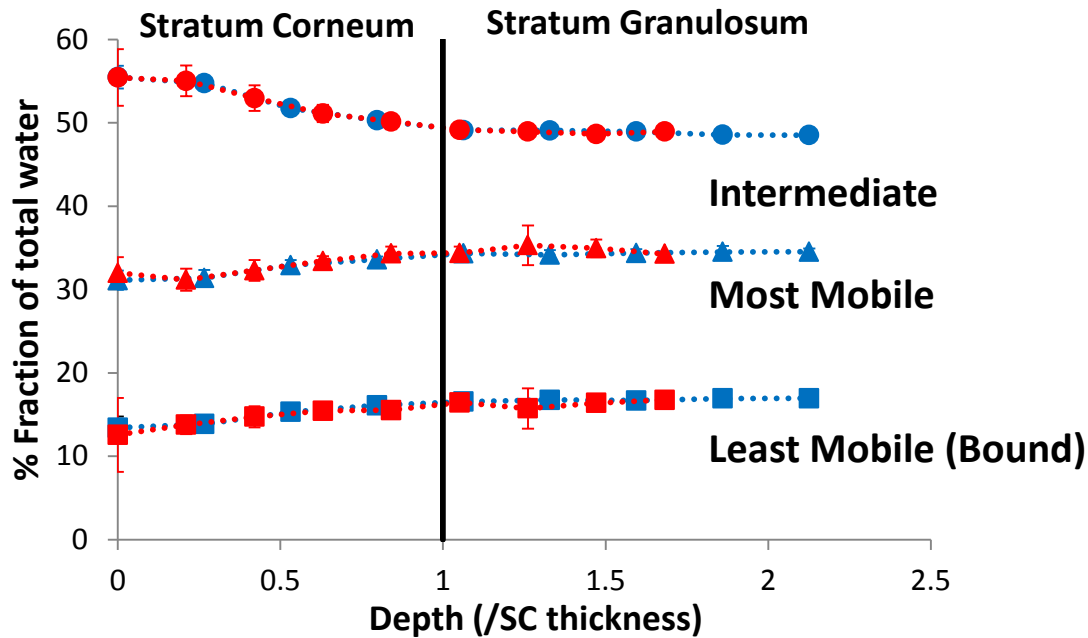
Capone K et al. *J Invest Dermatol* 2011; 131: 2026-2032  
Gao, et al. *Proc Natl Acad Sci.* 2007;104:2927-2932

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# Topology



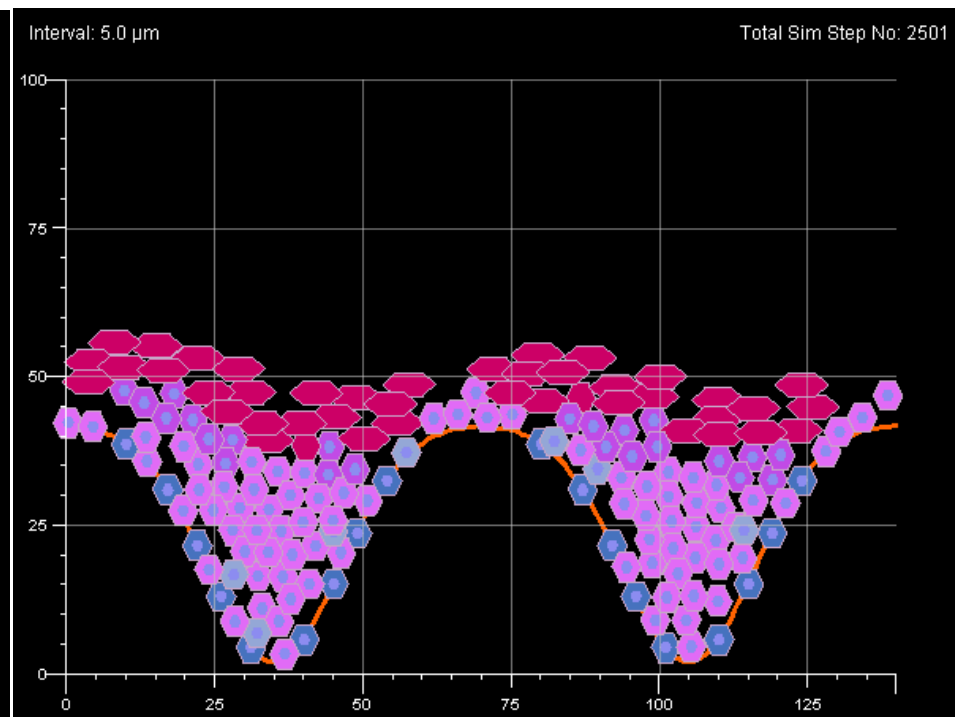
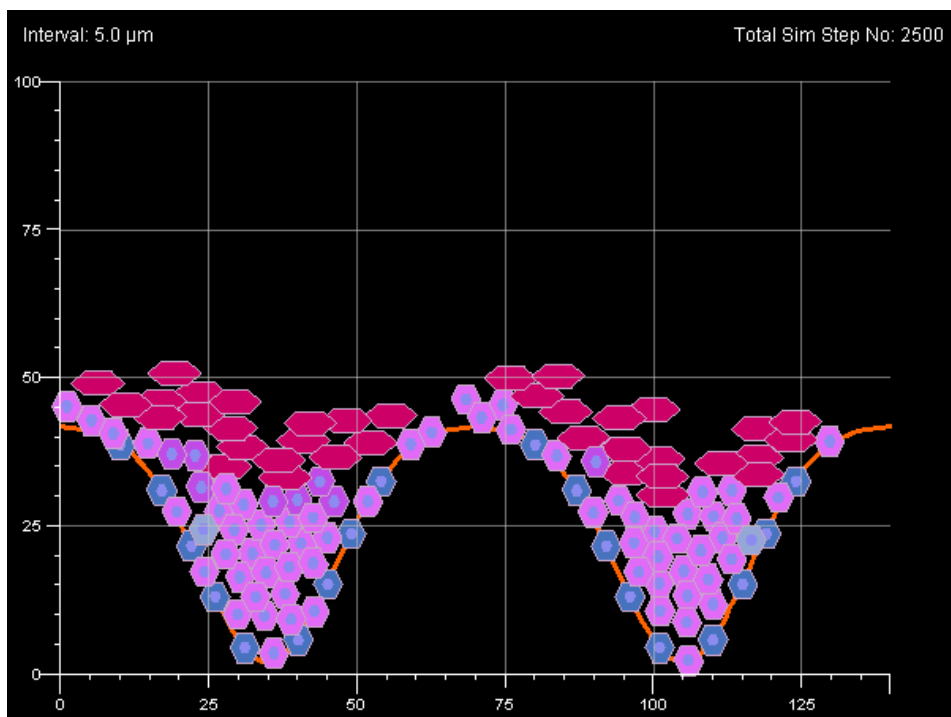
# Water Mobility



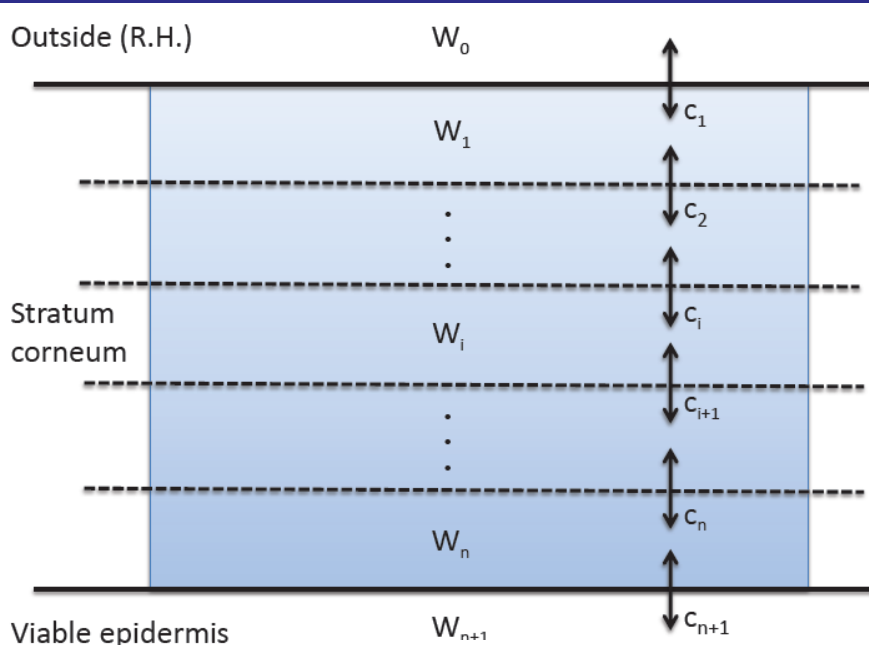
# Modeling (Part 1: Structure)

Baby skin (simulation)

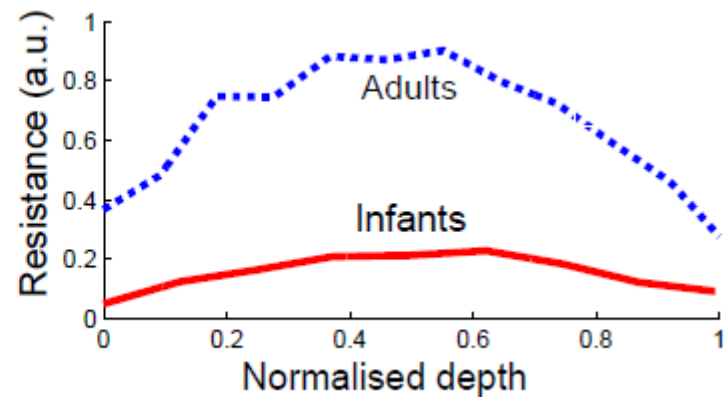
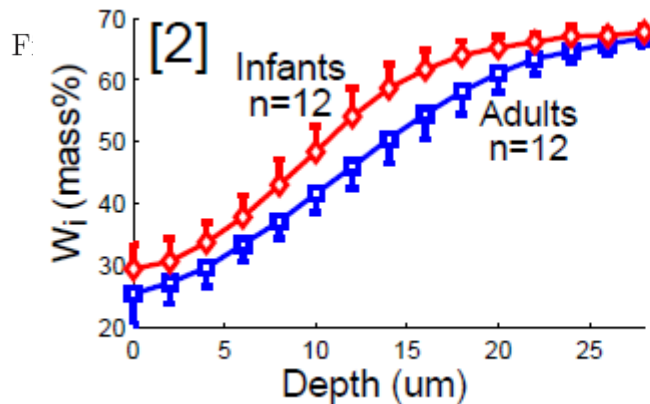
Adult skin (simulation)



# Modeling (Part 2: Function)

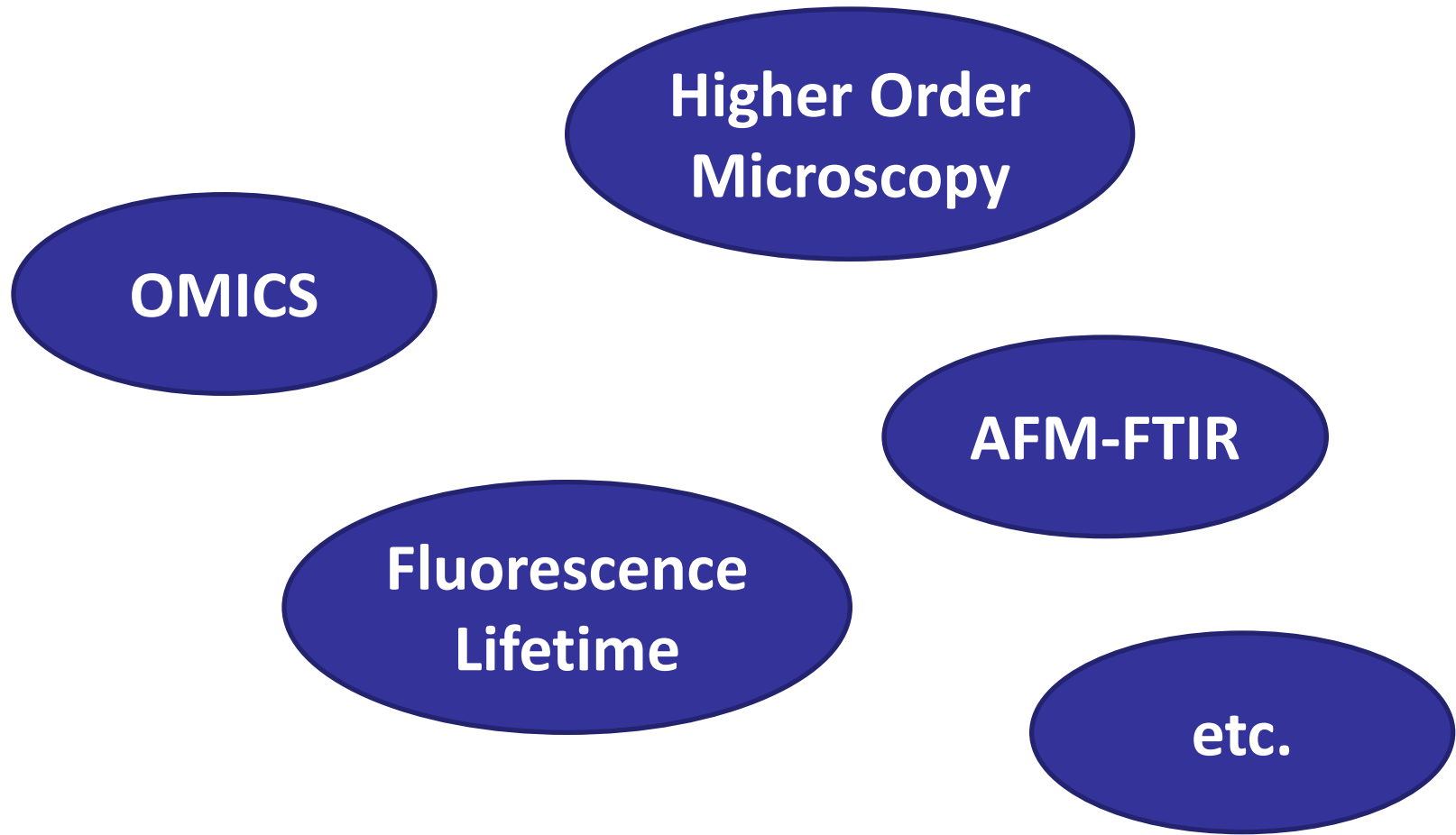


$$\bar{W}_i = - \frac{W_0 \sum_{k=i+1}^{n+1} \frac{1}{c_k} + W_{n+1} \sum_{k=1}^i \frac{1}{c_k}}{\sum_{k=1}^{n+1} \frac{1}{c_k}} = - \frac{W_0 R_L^{(i)} + W_{n+1} R_U^{(i)}}{R_L^{(i)} + R_U^{(i)}}$$





# The Future: new tools – new insights



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